

The Indispensable Weekly
The Voice of the Awakened Negro

THE Negro World

A Newspaper Devoted Solely to the Interests of the Negro Race

Reaching the Mass of Negroes
The Best Advertising Medium

VOL. XXVI—No. 32

NEW YORK, MARCH 8, 1930

PRICE: FIVE CENTS IN CIRCULARS NEW YORK
TEN CENTS OUTSIDE NEW YORK
TEN CENTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Future Destiny of the Race Depends on Negro Manhood

Haiti Still Groans Under the Iron Heel of Marine Rule

Information Service of the Union Patriotique of Haiti, New York Branch, Presents Some Facts for Consideration

Offering different kinds of reasons to the world, on July 28th, 1915 after several veiled attempts, the U. S. of America intervened in the internal affairs of the Republic of Haiti.

Although they viewed the intervention as a violation of international law many Haitians accepted as words of honor the declarations of the U. S. "to insure, establish and help maintain Haitian independence, and the establishing of a stable and firm government by the Haitian people."

After 14 years of watchful waiting, most of us agree that the U. S. Occupation is not only a failure but a hindrance to better government for it has appealed to the lower instincts of our people.

Some material improvements have been made, automatic telephones have been installed, costly roads have been built (lasting only 6 months according to a wise crack by an American, Mr. Duncan) of no great value to the Haitian peasant. Sanitary measures

have been introduced, but Haiti was never subject to epidemics.

NO SERIOUS EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO DECREASE ILLITERACY, LESS MONEY WAS APPROPRIATED LAST YEAR FOR HAITIAN EDUCATION THAN UNDER HAITIAN ADMINISTRATION.

While wages of the masses have been made to remain at the lowest level retroactive taxes have been imposed.

To pay exorbitant salaries to many unnecessary experts, over four hundred thousand dollars are taken yearly from the poor people the Occupation is supposed to be helping.

Camouflaged under the pretext of stabilization, the purchasing power of the Haitian currency has been made to remain today under American supervision 20% under Haitian administration 1895, it was beyond 80c.

Haitian governments have taken measures for the redeeming of the (Continued on Page Two)

Every Negro Urged to Lend Assistance to Sacred Cause of Negro Nationhood—Programme Must Be Carried On to Success—We Must Depend Only Upon Ourselves

Must Leave Selfishness Behind—Leaders Must Not Hinder the Forward Movement of this Holy Cause—Must Develop Manhood Qualities

Each Branch, Chapter, Division, Must Stand Solidly Behind the Parent Body — "Let's Put the Programme Over," — Says President-General

FELLOWMEN OF THE NEGRO RACE, Greeting:

I write to you again this week to inspire you to the new call of service—service to the Universal Negro Improvement Association and service to the race as a whole.

Need of Assistance

At no time in the history of our movement have we been in need of your assistance as much as now. It is realized that the world is closing around us more and more through prejudice and hate, we can only extricate ourselves from it by our own effort. And so knowing as much as I do, I am appealing to every unit of the Negro race to rally at this time in helping the Universal Negro Improvement Association to execute its programme of economic well-being.

Programs Must Go Through

Our Convention programme must be carried through; if we fail to do it we are only hastening the death of our race throughout the world. I would like to see every Negro in

the world taking seriously upon himself the responsibility, and do all that is possible in making our work in the convention a success.

Depend On Ourselves

We cannot be unmindful of the fact that our future depends upon ourselves. We must, in this generation, lay the foundation for other generations, as well as to protect ourselves in this generation. We need money; we need moral support and assistance in every direction. Every man and woman of the blood "Africa" must give their support and that willingly. If we can get this our work will be accomplished in a short while; but if we have to beg for it as we have done in the past and not receive it, it will mean the continuation of all the things that tend to our disfigurement and destruction.

Rally Now

Let us rally to the programme of the Universal Negro Improvement Association. Let us do our duty to the movement. There has been a disposition by selfish individuals to turn the Organization into channels for personal benefit, whereby each individual becomes master to himself of the movement, without having any responsibility to the Parent Organization thereby hindering the Organization from carrying on the great work for the good of humanity. Any individual person must realize that any individual who attempts to use the Organization for himself in his local Division is preventing the Organization from carrying on the work decided upon.

How We Can Succeed

The Organization can only succeed when every Branch, Chapter, Division and Unit rally to the support of the Parent Body; and this everyone should see is done. Members of the Organization should see that their Division renits to Headquarters the Annual Assessment Tax. This Tax has been collected in some instances and has not been forwarded which tends to hinder the work of the Headquarters and encourages the individual to retain that which was not intended for him, but for the Organization. Secretaries of Divisions are asked to see that such amounts are forwarded immediately.

The Great Drive

Let us also rally to the great Drive for our six hundred million Dollar fund. If we can put this fund over in two years what a wonderful success we would have accomplished. This can be done if every Negro man woman and child do the duty devolving upon them. Let us do it; let us rally together in our earnest wish.

With very best wishes,

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,

MARCUS GARVEY,

President-General.

U.N.I.A. & A.C.L. (August 1929) of the World, "Edelweiss Park", Slip Road, Cross Roads, P. O., St. Andrew, Jamaica, B. W. I.

Manila Students Strike; Demand Removal of American Teachers

MANILA.—Practically the entire student body of the Manila North High School went on strike demanding dismissal of Miss Mabel Brummitt, an American teacher, whom the students accused of insulting the Filipino race.

Atherton Explains Causes of Marcus Garvey's Defeat in Legislative Council Race

Says Garvey Was Slandered and Maligned Because He Desired to Help His People — Says Garvey's Election Would Have Opened a New Era in Jamaica

Garvey's Political Principles Are Established—Will Have Voice in Island Legislature Within Five Years

With a view to make clearer the situation which existed during the recent campaign for election to the Legislative Council of Jamaica, B. W. I., held on January 29 and 30, in which the Hon. Marcus Garvey was defeated in his attempt to gain the seat for the parish of St. Andrew, we reproduce below, a letter written to the editor of The Daily Gleaner of Kingston, Jamaica.

The writer sets forth clearly that the forces of oppression were organized against the candidate for true, representative government for the people, who themselves were deceived by many sham allurements. The letter speaks for itself.

THE DEFEAT OF MR. MARCUS GARVEY

The Impressions of an Admirer
The Editor, The Daily Gleaner:
Sir,—When in your yesterday's editorial, you dubbed as "Garveyism" the platform on which Mr. Marcus (Continued on Page Eight)

Mr. P. J. Langford Rouses Excelsior Division to High Pitch of Enthusiasm

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sunday, March 2, 1930.—An interested and enthusiastic audience gathered in Room 4, Lafayette Hall, 165 West 131st street, tonight, at the meeting held under the auspices of the Excelsior Division (U. N. I. A., August 1929 of the World, when Mr. P. J. Langford as the principal speaker, set their hearts on fire.

Among the audience were many new faces, old time friends and members of the U. N. I. A., quite a number of the young people. Everyone seemed to take great interest in the program as it was rendered.

With Mr. J. E. Samuels, first vice-president in the chair, the meeting was opened in the usual way, by the singing of the opening ode, "From Greenland's Icy Mountains," followed by the prayers of the hymn, "God of the Faithful," then came the chairman's opening remarks, which coming from his heart, and seasoned and tempered by long experience in the organization, and its struggles for the uplift of the Negro, and the freedom of his fatherland, was a ringing challenge to the audience to measure up to the requirements of the hour. The audience was stirred by these remarks, and gave warm approval at the close.

Readings on the solution of Negro problem by Master Daniel and Miss Mary Samuels, full of deep interest, were listened to attentively, and these young patriots were rewarded with lusty cheers. At this juncture, the president, Rev. R. T. Brown, who had been scheduled to speak to the Philadelphia Division No. 10, of which the Hon. S. A. Haynes is president, entered and took his seat. He was introduced by the chairman; and after expressing the pleasure it gave him to be there told of the greetings that were sent him from the Philadelphia Division No. 10, and of their promise to come over at a date to be appointed in large numbers, to aid in bringing to a grand success the dedication of the new hall which the Excelsior Division is acquiring. This

announcement was greeted by loud acclaim. The president then in a few short and soul-stirring sentences called the attention of the audience to the fact that we are passing through trying times; and it was essential that we shape our courses, to be in enough, great enough, strong enough for all emergencies, all situations.

The President—General's week message was read by Mr. J. E. Samuels, first vice-president, from The Negro World, followed by the hymn "Father of All Creation."

Among the speakers were Mr. J. Charles, Capt. Seck, Mr. Soli Ali of Nigeria, Mr. S. Kelly, second vice president, and Mr. Oscar Higgins, all of whom expressed their determination to carry on "Till Africa is Free." The collection was lifted while the audience sang "Oh Africa Awake!" the president introduced Mr. P. J. Langford as the speaker for the evening, and asked him to speak in his own way.

Mr. Langford told of the great pleasure it gave him to be in such a gathering, and to be able to say something which would inspire the men and women of his race to carry on the fight for the uplift of the race and the redemption of Africa. His address was punctuated with loud bursts of applause, and the audience seemed to have caught the speaker, as he took them from stage to stage in his great discourse. Men's hearts were fired with a stern desire, and the feelings were registered on their faces. In dramatic manner the speaker called upon the audience to rise up to a realization of the needs of the times, and closed by wishing them great success. He received a rousing ovation.

After the announcements were given out, the chairman, Rev. K. Baxter, made the closing remarks and the meeting came to a close with the singing of the Ethiopian National Anthem, and the pronouncing of the Benediction at 11:30 p. m.

Native African Union Celebrates Third Annual Founders' Day Feb. 5

By SAMUEL E. BESS
The Native African Union of American, Inc., celebrated its third Annual Founders' Day, on February 5th, in a double program from 3 to 6, and 8 to 11 p. m., respectively, at the Handel Presbyterian Church, 57 West 127th Street.

Mr. Two Hna Hebbons, treasurer, who was chairman of the afternoon session, gave some very fitting remarks for the occasion. He introduced Mr. Thorquies Sie of Liberia, second Vice-President of the Native African Union to the audience. Mr. Sie delivered the welcome address in fine style, and was lauded.

Mr. Austin Dafaora Horton, African tenor, of Sierra Leone, West Africa, sang with pathos and was encored.

History and Aims of the Native African Union of American, Inc., was outlined by President Nyombolo, who went on to explain, and was interpreted by Mr. Mangu, of South Africa, to the audience.

Papers "Why We Should Join the Native African Union," and "Our Children" were read by Mrs. Nola F. Dages and Mrs. F. Hebbons, respectively, and were well received. The audience was thanked for their presence and the session was brought to a close.

Evening Session
The Evening session was chaired (Continued on Page Seven)

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355 LENOX AVENUE
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An Appeal To Our Fellow - Citizens

Most Serious Crisis In India—Mahatma Gandhi Re-Affirming His Policy of Non-Violence—Press Reports Misleading, Says India Independent League

To an American public concerned for peace and convinced that true and enduring peace can only rest upon international goodwill and progressive removal of deep-seated grievances in the minds of all peoples, present events in India have, we are convinced, a profound significance which we have not fully appreciated.

It is a new thing in history when a people 330 million strong strive for internal unity and freedom from the yoke of foreign rule by non-violent methods under the leadership of a saint. It is an encouraging thing that at this juncture the Indian Nationalist Movement deals not with a British Tory government but with a Labor government which has given proof of the sincerity of its desire for peace and its opposition to imperialism. Has it ever happened before that a national independence day has been observed with such deep emotion as in India, yet without violence? Or that an eager leader of a great movement of national revolt like Jawaharlal Nehru should inaugurate the movement by again pledging himself and his country to non-violent methods? Still more recently Gandhi has declared that he will urge the end of such measures of civil disobedience as have been begun if the Viceroy will give the effect to a list of social and economic reforms—among them the abolition of the iniquitous salt tax and the reduction of salaries in the most expensive civil service in the poorest country of the world.

Surely here is a situation which with all its practical and psychological difficulties still admits of peaceful solution. Britain indeed stands not to lose prestige and trade by granting self-rule but rather to gain by the sense of gratitude and friendship her act will kindle. Let public opinion everywhere affirm this truth

and lend its weight to a settlement of great issues by mutual agreement and the world will have a new precedent and new encouragement in its lifelong quest for peace and goodwill.

Rarely have peoples stood at the cross-roads with fairer opportunity to decide their direction. The old way of violent revolt or violent repression leads to war, to the perpetuation of hate and the encouragement of despair. Gandhi and the Indians who stand with him offer the world a new revolution not only in the end sought but in the method which in the long run affects the worth of any end. We Americans are without doubt (Continued on Page Eight)

Will Observe Nat'l Negro Health Week

WASHINGTON (CNS)—The sixteenth annual observance of National Negro Health Week will be the week of March 30—April 6, according to an announcement from the United States Public Health Service by Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, chairman of the National Health Committee. "More regular use of existing health services" will be the objective for health week, it was announced.

As a part of the health week program, the National Negro Business League will conduct a contest for community achievement. Four silver cups will be awarded communities conducting the best and most progressive programs. The contestants will be divided into three classes: one, cities of over 100,000 population; two, cities under 100,000 population; and three, rural communities. The fourth award will be to the community judged best of all classes. Contestants should enroll immediately with the National Negro Health Week Committee, Tuskegee, Alabama.



Prof. Randall Says There Is No Superior Race

Individuals Superior to One Another — All Races Equal — Scores Silly Attitude

Washington, D. C.—John Herman Randall, assistant professor of philosophy at Columbia University, in address to the students of Howard University in Andrew Rankin Chapel on last Wednesday said, "It is too late in the day for intelligent people to talk about superior and inferior races."

Speaking on the subject of "Creative Thinking," Dr. Randall stated that "The idea so prevalent in our country is that one race is superior over all others. This has no more bearing than the old legends of the ages. It is a myth, a baseless legend. Leading anthropologists have said, 'What we have in every race—white, black or brown, is superior and inferior individuals, but the w. ds supreme and inferior do not apply to races at all.'"

Dr. Randall continued, "The conclusion of scientists in the field of anthropology is that all races are equal. Men of all races possess similar qualities, and, giving all men an equal opportunity, and an equal time for development, all will show individuals who are superior."

Five Hundred Voice Chorus

Twenty Chicago Churches to Lend Their Best Talent

Chicago, Ill.—Five hundred voices will make up the mammoth Sunday School Congress Chorus that will specialize in interpreting the music and using the songs issued under the authority of the convention under which the Congress works. Prof. H. B. P. Johnson of this city, will direct the chorus, while Mrs. Edna Hammett Porter of Kansas City, Mo., the wife of the Rev. Dr. Porter, will be the official pianist and organist during the rehearsals of the chorus and their renditions at this big summer school of methods.

All of these details were worked out and this announcement was made by Henry Allen Boyd, the secretary of the Sunday School Congress. While here he spoke at the Salem Baptist Church, Rev. B. L. Rose, pastor, delivering the Sunday morning sermon. He then was the guest of the Chicago Ministers' Conference at Ebenezer Baptist Church on 48th and Vincennes, following which he held conferences with the Baptist leaders of the Wood River Association and the Illinois Baptist State Association.

The City's Health

By SHIRLEY W. WYNNE, M. D.,
Commissioner of Health

Healths from pneumonia soared to 227 for the week ending last Saturday, February 22, the highest total in six weeks, although the number of new cases, 397, was the lowest recorded this year. New diphtheria cases rose to 108, the highest in four weeks. Births, with a total of 2210, set a new low record for any week in the last three months, and Manhattan, for the first time since January 1, led all other boroughs in no- arrivals last week.

With a total of thirteen fatal automobile accidents for the entire city a new low record was established last week, seven of these being in Manhattan, three in the Bronx, two in Brooklyn and one in Queens. For the week ending February 15, there were 27 fatal motor accidents.

The general health conditions of the city for last week are shown in the following table:

Number of deaths last week, 1615. Number of deaths corresponding week, average preceding 6 years, 1659. General death rate per 1000 population, last week, 13.79. General death rate corresponding week, average preceding 6 years, 14.35. Number of births last week, 2210.

Cases and death from important communicable diseases reported last week: diphtheria, cases, 108, deaths, 4. Scarlet fever, cases, 236, deaths, 2. Measles, cases, 239, deaths, 1. Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, cases, 11, deaths, 6. Typhoid fever, cases, 12, deaths, 0. Pneumonia, cases, 397, deaths, 227. Influenza, cases 39, deaths, 17. Deaths from automobiles, 13. Diphtheria immunization treatments, 9924

Negro World

Published Saturday, March 8, 1930. Established 1917.
 Office: 350 Lexington Avenue, New York City.
 Editor: H. G. Saltus.
 Managing Editor: H. G. Saltus.
 Business Manager: H. G. Saltus.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES TO THE NEGRO WORLD

Country	One Year	Three Months
U. S. A.	\$2.00	.75
Foreign	\$3.00	1.00

Single copies, 10 cents.
 Entered as second class matter April 16, 1919, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.
 Advertising Representatives: W. B. Ziff Co., Transportation Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
 551 Fifth Avenue, New York City

The Negro World does not knowingly accept questionable or fraudulent advertising. Readers of The Negro World are earnestly requested to invite our attention to any failure on the part of an advertiser to adhere to any representation contained in any Negro World advertisement.

VOL. XXV NEW YORK, MARCH 8, 1930 No. 32

"NEEDED! SELFLESS LEADERS"

THROUGH all the din and noise of the gathering of the clans; midst all the distractions of a busy, selfish, and material, matter-of-fact world, wide-awake men can catch a gleam of a brighter and a better day; can feel the divine impulse urging them on to the realization of the fullest within them, and can hear the Voice of Inspiration calling to them, rousing them from the dull stupor which seems to enshroud all humanity, bidding them to go forward and upward, unceasingly, until at last they stand victorious, masterful, supreme, upon the highest pinnacle of human attainments, surveying the great ascent, basking in the sunshine of glorious realization.

That same impelling power tells us that some time in the not distant future, the great race of Negroes of which we are pleased and proud to form a part, will in like manner stand supreme, masterful, invincible, victorious, upon the shores of the fatherland Africa, flaunting our standards of freedom in the faces of all the human race. Because of this great vision, we deem it fit and proper at this time to say a word to the leaders of the great and noble organization, known as the Universal Negro Improvement Association, August 1929, of the World, and it is this: "Men and brethren, we are standing at a very eventful period in the history of our race. We have come to that point in our journey, in our quest for freedom, where there can be no turning back. To turn back is to die ignominiously. Before us lies a great vision of the great and glorious future, under our own eyes, ringing the call of the spirit of our fathers as they urge us onward to the greatest adventure upon which a race of men ever set forth. We are today in the grip of fate, and destiny is impelling us onward to the greatest achievement which has ever graced this planet. Can we sense our opportunity? Can we realize that the gods are calling upon us to 'rise up and be men'? Do we understand what the poet meant when he wrote, 'For how can man die better, than facing fearful odds, for the ashes of his fathers, and the temples of his gods?'"

"To U. N. I. A. leaders come these great questions demanding a ready answer of each one. Why should a race go down because of the folly, the incompetence, and the spinelessness of a few? 'The cry of the Negro race for freedom will not cease until Africa is free!' There is evidence that in some quarters the hand of treachery, the hand of disloyalty are beginning to show their devilish heads. It means that this race will have to deal with traitors, as traitors. Therefore, men and brethren, it behooves us, who are charged with the high mission of leading the masses, following in the trail blazed by Marcus Garvey, and his cry of 'Africa for the Africans at home and abroad,' to shape ourselves like men, forgetting selfishness, and treachery, and come now to a grim realization that to win the greatest prize, from any generation, from any nation, or any race, our lives must spell 'Service' in a big way.

"Let's cleanse our souls, men and brethren; steel our hearts for all the trials that can come; learn all that is expected of men, who know how to live for something whose lives will be a thrilling inspiration to generations coming after; who are not afraid of trials and persecutions, but who know nobly how to die, in the service of our people, our country, and our God. 'FORWARD BRETHREN!'"

"PATRONIZING NEGRO BUSINESS"

AT THIS particular time when great emphasis is being placed upon the economic development of the race of Negroes, a few words taken here and there, from an editorial of one of our contemporaries may not be out of place.

"Sympathy alone will not do."

Our group are too liberal with their sympathy whenever they see one of us burdened with sorrow, or find us "up against it". They give it in large quantities, whether they mean it or not. Sympathy and help are allied friends; and they work exceedingly well together. Therefore let us learn to come to the rescue of those in trouble, with more than sympathy. Let us help, or assist as the case may be, when we have a chance to play an important part in comforting the troubled.

Solid, commendable, race concerns will not live on sympathy alone, but we must encourage them with our money. Too much sympathy without any financial assistance will certainly keep you where you are, marking time and watching others carrying on the business of the world. It takes more than "I hope you will succeed" for the Negro to make the commercial grade; and we pray that all of us will keep some of our sympathy and advice, and substitute money and boosting for same.

Most of our failures are due to the fact that we are not acquainted with the business we run. To be successful a business must be studied from every angle, and the Negro who thinks he can make good, being wholly ignorant of the phases of his project has the wrong idea about successful business. He should not expect so much sympathy, but devote his time to studying such business methods that the Negro to make the commercial grade; and we pray that all of us will keep some of our sympathy and advice, and substitute money and boosting for same.

This is good advice for the Negro businessman as well as for the Negro consumer who has the money for which the business man offers his goods. Let us learn this lesson from both sides of the counter. Negroes must support Negro business; and on the other hand, the Negro businessman will have to learn all there is to know about the business he is conducting, and make his store and his display so that everyone will be attracted to come to his place of business and trade with him. This is the only co-operation; and we Negroes had better learn that fact.

"OUR GREAT SUBSCRIPTION DRIVE"

THEY come with eager requests to "Put me on your subscription list, please"; and we are tickled with delight to do that. But we are not to do more than that. We are out to make The Negro

The People's Forum

By H. G. Saltus

Let the subscriptions roll in. We are glad to receive them, and we are giving such useful and delightful presents with them that every subscriber is not only going to be delighted, but will go on to bring the subscription of his friend, and his friend's friend. And you can depend that we are going to make the effort to give better and nobler service as the days go by. We shall not cease to strive to uplift, inspire, and encourage this race of ours, till "Africa is free."

Hon. Marcus Garvey Outlines Plans for Race's Economic, Social, Political Advancement

\$600,000.00 To Be Raised Within Ten Years — First Installments Will Purchase Tracts of Land in Virginia, Louisiana, Jamaica, B. W. I., Honduras, British Guiana, Liberia and Haiti.

To Enlarge Organization's Newspapers, Build Factories, Provide Steamships, and Foster Agriculture

The Negro People of the World: Ladies and Gentlemen: On the 15th of August, 1929, at the 22nd Business Session of the Convention of the Negro Peoples of the World in Jamaica, British West Indies, a committee was appointed for the purpose of raising \$600,000.00 to be expended in the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa.

For agricultural expansion and development 30 per cent of the first year's collection from the \$600,000.00 drive is to be appropriated for the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa, and the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in British West Indies, for the purpose of establishing a colony of 10,000 Negroes in each of these three countries. The committee also recommended that the \$600,000.00 drive be continued for ten years, and that the first year's collection be used for the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa, and the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in British West Indies, for the purpose of establishing a colony of 10,000 Negroes in each of these three countries.

Hon. Marcus Garvey (chairman), Hon. E. M. Knox, leader of the American Negroes, Hon. Adam M. L. DeMena of New York, Hon. Benjamin Sumlin of Chicago, Hon. Aaron Johnson of Chicago, Hon. Aaron Johnson of Missouri, Hon. A. C. Taylor of Louisville, Mich.; Hon. and Rev. Dr. E. B. Williams of Baltimore, Md.; Hon. W. A. Wallace of Chicago, Hon. and Mrs. S. W. Robinson of Cleveland, Ohio; Hon. J. A. Leary of Detroit, Mich.; Hon. Mrs. Gordon of Chicago, and A. R. A. Leary (Chief Clerk at Headquarters), St. Andrew, Jamaica, P. R. I., were present.

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Editorial Opinions of the Negro Press

Neither the colored masses of America nor of Haiti will approve of the failure of President Hoover to appoint a single colored member to the Federal Reserve Commission. Certain it is that this all white commission, eminent and expert though it is, cannot approach the problems of the Black Republic with unbiased minds. Neither can these Caucasian advisers, the political and racial traditions of these sons of Toussaint L'Ouverture and Emperor Christophe. They cannot feel nor respond to the spirit of this proud and poverty-stricken people. The appointment of the principal of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute to ascertain Haiti's educational needs will of course prevent the possibility of any racial equality issue either among the commissioners or in Haiti being raised, but it does not suffice to satisfy the deep desire of black America to see black Haiti given a progressive square deal. President Hoover has erred we believe in trying to compromise the vital issues involved. He should have appointed some colored members on the commission—The Oklahoma Eagle.

Jim Crow Goes Abroad
 The war department has arranged to send the Gold Star mothers on a pilgrimage to the cemeteries of France where their sons gave their lives "for world democracy." The great war. There are enrolled for the pilgrimage 10,000 white and 900 Negro Gold Star mothers. It is regrettable that such a pilgrimage should have to be made under such conditions—especially to a foreign country which would make no such distinction in honoring the mothers of the dead; and it is hoped that the company of the great war. There are enrolled for the pilgrimage 10,000 white and 900 Negro Gold Star mothers. It is regrettable that such a pilgrimage should have to be made under such conditions—especially to a foreign country which would make no such distinction in honoring the mothers of the dead; and it is hoped that the company of the great war.

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Hon. Marcus Garvey Outlines Plans for Race's Economic, Social, Political Advancement

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To Enlarge Organization's Newspapers, Build Factories, Provide Steamships, and Foster Agriculture

The Negro People of the World: Ladies and Gentlemen: On the 15th of August, 1929, at the 22nd Business Session of the Convention of the Negro Peoples of the World in Jamaica, British West Indies, a committee was appointed for the purpose of raising \$600,000.00 to be expended in the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa.

For agricultural expansion and development 30 per cent of the first year's collection from the \$600,000.00 drive is to be appropriated for the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa, and the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in British West Indies, for the purpose of establishing a colony of 10,000 Negroes in each of these three countries. The committee also recommended that the \$600,000.00 drive be continued for ten years, and that the first year's collection be used for the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa, and the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in British West Indies, for the purpose of establishing a colony of 10,000 Negroes in each of these three countries.

Hon. Marcus Garvey (chairman), Hon. E. M. Knox, leader of the American Negroes, Hon. Adam M. L. DeMena of New York, Hon. Benjamin Sumlin of Chicago, Hon. Aaron Johnson of Chicago, Hon. Aaron Johnson of Missouri, Hon. A. C. Taylor of Louisville, Mich.; Hon. and Rev. Dr. E. B. Williams of Baltimore, Md.; Hon. W. A. Wallace of Chicago, Hon. and Mrs. S. W. Robinson of Cleveland, Ohio; Hon. J. A. Leary of Detroit, Mich.; Hon. Mrs. Gordon of Chicago, and A. R. A. Leary (Chief Clerk at Headquarters), St. Andrew, Jamaica, P. R. I., were present.

The committee recommended that the \$600,000.00 drive be continued for ten years, and that the first year's collection be used for the purchase of land in Haiti, the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in Liberia, West Africa, and the purchase of 50,000 acres of land in British West Indies, for the purpose of establishing a colony of 10,000 Negroes in each of these three countries.

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Editorial Opinions of the Negro Press

Neither the colored masses of America nor of Haiti will approve of the failure of President Hoover to appoint a single colored member to the Federal Reserve Commission. Certain it is that this all white commission, eminent and expert though it is, cannot approach the problems of the Black Republic with unbiased minds. Neither can these Caucasian advisers, the political and racial traditions of these sons of Toussaint L'Ouverture and Emperor Christophe. They cannot feel nor respond to the spirit of this proud and poverty-stricken people. The appointment of the principal of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute to ascertain Haiti's educational needs will of course prevent the possibility of any racial equality issue either among the commissioners or in Haiti being raised, but it does not suffice to satisfy the deep desire of black America to see black Haiti given a progressive square deal. President Hoover has erred we believe in trying to compromise the vital issues involved. He should have appointed some colored members on the commission—The Oklahoma Eagle.

Jim Crow Goes Abroad
 The war department has arranged to send the Gold Star mothers on a pilgrimage to the cemeteries of France where their sons gave their lives "for world democracy." The great war. There are enrolled for the pilgrimage 10,000 white and 900 Negro Gold Star mothers. It is regrettable that such a pilgrimage should have to be made under such conditions—especially to a foreign country which would make no such distinction in honoring the mothers of the dead; and it is hoped that the company of the great war. There are enrolled for the pilgrimage 10,000 white and 900 Negro Gold Star mothers. It is regrettable that such a pilgrimage should have to be made under such conditions—especially to a foreign country which would make no such distinction in honoring the mothers of the dead; and it is hoped that the company of the great war.

Most of our failures are due to the fact that we are not acquainted with the business we run. To be successful a business must be studied from every angle, and the Negro who thinks he can make good, being wholly ignorant of the phases of his project has the wrong idea about successful business. He should not expect so much sympathy, but devote his time to studying such business methods that the Negro to make the commercial grade; and we pray that all of us will keep some of our sympathy and advice, and substitute money and boosting for same.

This is good advice for the Negro businessman as well as for the Negro consumer who has the money for which the business man offers his goods. Let us learn this lesson from both sides of the counter. Negroes must support Negro business; and on the other hand, the Negro businessman will have to learn all there is to know about the business he is conducting, and make his store and his display so that everyone will be attracted to come to his place of business and trade with him. This is the only co-operation; and we Negroes had better learn that fact.

"OUR GREAT SUBSCRIPTION DRIVE"
 THEY come with eager requests to "Put me on your subscription list, please"; and we are tickled with delight to do that. But we are not to do more than that. We are out to make The Negro

Let the subscriptions roll in. We are glad to receive them, and we are giving such useful and delightful presents with them that every subscriber is not only going to be delighted, but will go on to bring the subscription of his friend, and his friend's friend. And you can depend that we are going to make the effort to give better and nobler service as the days go by. We shall not cease to strive to uplift, inspire, and encourage this race of ours, till "Africa is free."

The People's Forum

By H. G. Saltus

Boxing Shadows

By HAROLD G. SALTUS

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The Stormy Career of Jack Johnson--No. 18

Test by ROLFE DELLON
 Drawn by FRED B. WATSON

Jack was in Russia when war was declared in 1914. There he met George Thomas, a famous colored man who was a champion of the colored race. Young Thomas was a champion of the colored race. He and Jack became fast friends. It was, as was said, Jack, obtained a passport and sailed during the strict military regulations.

Another exciting adventure in the champion's career occurred, upon a voyage to Europe. He and his party were held up in a forest storm, which imperiled the life of all on board the ship. It seemed that the vessel would be completely demolished by the force of a dangerous storm. It was a very exciting adventure in the champion's career.

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Theatricals and Sports

By CHAPPY GARDNER

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The Green Pastures

Hits "Divine Comedy of The Theatre"

A Review by Chappy Gardner
 A play by Marc Connelly suggested by Roark Bradford's "Old Man Adam" His Children. Produced by Laurence Langford at the Manhattan Theatre, New York, Feb. 28, 1930.

The Principals
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